

GRAMMATICAL AREAS KET

- **Verbs**

Regular and irregular forms

- **Modals**

can (ability; requests; permission) could (ability; polite requests) would (polite requests)
will (future)
shall (suggestion; offer) should (advice)
may (possibility)
have (got) to (obligation) must (obligation) mustn't (prohibition) need (necessity)
needn't (lack of necessity)

- **Tenses**

Present simple: states, habits, systems and processes and with future meaning (and verbs not used in the continuous form)
Present continuous: present actions and future meaning
Present perfect simple: recent past with just, indefinite past with yet, already, never, ever; unfinished past with for and since
Past simple: past events
Past continuous: parallel past actions, continuous actions interrupted by the past simple tense
Future with going to
Future with will and shall: offers, promises, predictions, etc.

- **Verb forms**

Affirmative, interrogative, negative
Imperatives
Infinitives (with and without to) after verbs and adjectives Gerunds (-ing form) after verbs and prepositions Gerunds as subjects and objects
Passive forms: present and past simple
Short questions (Can you?) and answers (No, he doesn't)

- **Clause types**

Main clause: Carlos is Spanish.
Co-ordinate clause: Carlos is Spanish and his wife is English. Subordinate clause following sure, certain: I'm sure (that) she's a doctor.
Subordinate clause following know, think, believe, hope:
I hope you're well.
Subordinate clause following say, tell: She says (that) she's his sister. Subordinate clause following if, when, where, because:
I'll leave if you do that again. He'll come when you call. He'll follow where you go.
I came because you asked me.
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- **Interrogatives**

What; What (+ noun)
Where; When
Who; Whose; Which
How; How much; How many; How often; How long; etc. Why
(including the interrogative forms of all tenses and modals listed)

- **Nouns**

Singular and plural (regular and irregular forms) Countable and uncountable nouns with some and any Abstract nouns
Compound nouns
Noun phrases
Genitive: 's & s'
Double genitive: a friend of theirs

- **Pronouns**

Personal (subject, object, possessive) Impersonal: it, there
Demonstrative: this, that, these, those Quantitative: one, something, everybody, etc. Indefinite: some, any, something, one, etc. Relative: who, which, tha

- **Determiners**

a + countable nouns
the + countable/uncountable nouns

- **Adjectives**

Colour, size, shape, quality, nationality
Predicative and attributive
Cardinal and ordinal numbers
Possessive: my, your, his, her, etc.
Demonstrative: this, that, these, those
Quantitative: some, any, many, much, a few, a lot of, all, other, every, etc.
Comparative and superlative forms (regular and irregular) Order of adjectives
Participles as adjectives

- **Adverbs**

Regular and irregular forms
Manner: quickly, carefully, etc.
Frequency: often, never, twice a day, etc.
Definite time: now, last week, etc.
Indefinite time: already, just, yet, etc.
Degree: very, too, rather, etc.
Place: here, there, etc.
Direction: left, right, etc.
Sequence: first, next, etc.
Pre-verbal, post-verbal and end-position adverbs Comparative and superlative forms (regular and irregular)

- **Prepositions**

Location: to, on, inside, next to, at (home), etc. Time: at, on, in, during, etc.
Direction: to, into, out of, from, etc. Instrument: by, with
Miscellaneous: like, about, etc.
Prepositional phrases: at the end of, in front of, etc. Prepositions preceding nouns and adjectives: by car, for sale, on holiday, etc.

- **Connectives**

and, but, or
when, where, because, if

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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verbs Regular and irregular forms
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modals can (ability; requests; permission) could (ability; possibility; polite requests) would (polite requests) will (offer) shall (suggestion; offer) should (advice) may (possibility) might (possibility) have (got) to (obligation) ought to (obligation) must (obligation) mustn't (prohibition) need (necessity) needn't (lack of necessity) used to + infinitive (past habits)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tenses Present simple: states, habits, systems and processes (and verbs not used in the continuous form) Present continuous: future plans and activities, present actions Present perfect simple: just, yet, already, never, ever; for and since Past simple: past events Past continuous: parallel past actions, continuous actions interrupted by the past simple tense Past perfect simple: narrative, reported speech Future with going to Future with present continuous and present simple Future with will and shall: offers, promises, predictions, etc.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verb forms Affirmative, interrogative, negative Imperatives Infinitives (with and without to) after verbs and adjectives Gerunds (-ing form) after verbs and prepositions Gerunds as subjects and objects Passive forms: present and past simple Verb + object + infinitive give/take/send/bring/show + direct/indirect object Causative have/get So/nor with auxiliaries
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compound verb patterns Phrasal verbs/verbs with prepositions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conditional sentences Type 0: Type 1: Type 2: An iron bar expands if/when you heat it. If you do that again, I'll leave. I would tell you the answer if I knew it. If I were you, I wouldn't do that again.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determiners a + countable nouns the + countable/uncountable nouns
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjectives Colour, size, shape, quality, nationality Predicative and attributive Cardinal and ordinal numbers Possessive: my, your, his, her, etc. Demonstrative: this, that, these, those Quantitative: some, any, many, much, a few, a lot of, all, other, every... Comparative and superlative forms (regular and irregular): (not) as . . . as, not . . . enough to, too . . . to Order of adjectives Participles as adjectives Compound adjectives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adverbs Regular and irregular forms

<p>Manner: quickly, carefully, etc. Frequency: often, never, twice a day, etc. Definite time: now, last week, etc. Indefinite time: already, just, yet, etc. Degree: very, too, rather, etc. Place: here, there, etc. Direction: left, right, along, etc. Sequence: first, next, etc. Sentence adverbs: too, either, etc. Comparative and superlative forms (regular and irregular)</p>
<p>• Prepositions Location: to, on, inside, next to, at (home), etc. Time: at, on, in, during, etc. Direction: to, into, out of, from, etc. Instrument: by, with Miscellaneous: like, as, due to, owing to, etc. Prepositional phrases: at the beginning of, by means of, etc. Prepositions preceding nouns and adjectives: by car, for sale, at last... Prepositions following (i) nouns and adjectives: advice on, afraid of... (ii) verbs: laugh at, ask for, etc.</p>
<p>• Connectives and, but, or, either . . . or when, while, until, before, after, as soon as where because, since, as, for so that, (in order) to so, so . . . that, such . . . that if, unless although, while, whereas</p>
<p>• Simple reported speech Statements, questions and commands: say, ask, tell He said that he felt ill. I asked her if I could leave. No one told me what to do. Indirect and embedded questions: know, wonder Do you know what he said? I wondered what he would do next.</p>
<p>• Interrogatives What, What (+ noun) Where; When Who; Whose; Which How; How much; How many; How often; How long; etc. Why (including the interrogative forms of all tenses and modals listed)</p>
<p>• Nouns Singular and plural (regular and irregular forms) Countable and uncountable nouns with some and any Abstract nouns Compound nouns Complex noun phrases Genitive: 's & s'</p>
<p>Pronouns Personal (subject, object, possessive) Reflexive and emphatic: myself, etc. Impersonal: it, there Demonstrative: this, that, these, those Quantitative: one, something, everybody, etc. Indefinite: some, any, something, one, etc. Relative: who, which, that, whom, whose</p>